

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OF GENCY AM 8: 23

1595 WYNKOOP STREET DENVER, CO 80202-1129 Phone 800-227-8917 http://www.epa.gov/region08



DOCKET NO.: CAA-08-2011-0021

IN THE MATTER OF:	)	
	)	
ENERPLUS RESOURCES (USA)	)	
CORPORATION	)	FINAL ORDER
	)	
RESPONDENT	)	

Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b) and 22.18, of EPA's Consolidated Rules of Practice, the Consent Agreement resolving this matter is hereby approved and incorporated by reference into this Final Order. The Respondent is hereby **ORDERED** to comply with all of the terms of the Consent Agreement, effective immediately upon receipt by Respondent of this Consent Agreement and Final Order.

SO ORDERED THIS JOTH DAY OF august , 2011.

Elyana Rutin
Regional Judicial Officer

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8

2011 AUG 29 AM 8: 23

FILED

Docket No. CAA-08-2011-0021

In the Matter of:	)	TPA REGION VISI
	)	ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT
ENERPLUS RESOURCES (USA)		AND CONSENT AGREEMENT
CORPORATION	)	
	)	
Respondent.		

#### AUTHORITY

The United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 (EPA or Complainant) is issuing this Administrative Complaint and Consent Agreement (Agreement) to Enerplus Resources (USA) Corporation (Respondent) pursuant to Sections 113(a)(3) and 113(d)(1) of the Clean Air Act (CAA or the Act), 42 U.S.C. § 7413(a)(3) and § 7413(d)(1). The Administrator of the EPA has the authority to enter into this Agreement and that authority has been properly delegated to the undersigned EPA official.

#### A. STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

- On June 19, 1978, EPA promulgated the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) regulations pursuant to Subtitle I, Part C of the Act. 43 Fed. Reg. 26403. EPA revised the PSD regulations on several occasions including August 7, 1980 (45 Fed. Reg. 52676) and December 31, 2002 (67 Fed. Reg. 80186). These regulations are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 52.
- Terms used in this Agreement that are defined in the Act or in regulations promulgated pursuant to the Act shall have the meanings assigned to them therein, unless otherwise provided in this Agreement.
- The emission sources to which this Agreement relates are in "Indian country" as defined at 18 U.S.C. §1151. The locations of the emission sources are identified in Appendix A.
- 4. Section 165(a) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7475(a), and the PSD regulations implementing Part C at 40 C.F.R. § 52.21(a)(2)(iii), prohibit a major stationary source from commencing construction or major modification of a major stationary source without a permit which states that the major stationary source or modification would meet the requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 52.21(j) through (r).
- 40 C.F.R. § 52.21(b)(5) defines a "stationary source" as, any building, structure, facility or installation which emits or may emit a regulated PSD pollutant.
- 40 C.F.R. § 52.21(b)(1)(i)(b) defines a "major stationary source" as, among other things, any stationary source that emits, or has the potential to emit, 250 tons per year or more of any regulated PSD pollutant.
- On July 1, 2011, EPA promulgated final rules titled "Review of New Sources and Modifications in Indian Country." (Tribal Minor NSR Rule) 76 Fed. Reg. 38748-808 (July 1, 2011) (to be codified at 40

- C.F.R. Parts 49 and 51). The final rules are effective on August 30, 2011. 76 Fed. Reg. at 38748. Once effective, the rules allow, among other things, for a synthetic minor source permit to be issued to an otherwise major source that has taken a restriction, enforceable as a legal and practical matter, so that the source's potential to emit is less than the amounts for major sources.
- 8. This proceeding is governed by the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties, and the Revocation, Termination or Suspension of Permits (Consolidated Rules) set forth at 40 C.F.R. Part 22. The U.S. Department of Justice has concurred with EPA Region 8's request for authorization to commence an administrative enforcement action in this matter.
- This Agreement is voluntarily entered into by the EPA and the Respondent for the purpose of simultaneously commencing and concluding this matter, as authorized by 40 C.F.R. § 22.13(b), and executed pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2) and (3) of the Consolidated Rules.

#### B. INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

- This Agreement addresses a unique situation in that the Respondent is unable to obtain an effective synthetic minor source permit from EPA prior to commencing construction because, pursuant to the new Tribal Minor NSR Rule, the authority to issue such permits begins August 30, 2011.
- 2. This Agreement is entered into by EPA and Respondent to settle alleged violations and allow Respondents to comply as expeditiously as possible with the requirements of the CAA, specifically PSD, of certain Bakken Formation Oil and Gas Emission Sources (emission sources) owned and/or operated by Respondent, located within the exterior boundaries of the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation in North Dakota as described in Appendix A.
- Respondent admits the jurisdictional allegations in this Agreement but does not admit the specific factual allegations or legal conclusions made by the Complainant herein.
- Respondent waives its rights to a hearing before any tribunal and to contest any issue of law or fact set forth in this Agreement.
- Complainant asserts that settlement of this matter is in the public interest. Complainant and Respondent agree that resolving this matter without further litigation and without adjudication of any issue of fact or law is appropriate.
- This Agreement, which includes Appendices A and B, upon incorporation into a Final Order, applies to
  and is binding upon EPA and upon Respondent, and Respondent's officers, directors, employees, agents,
  successors and assigns.
- 7. This Agreement contains all terms of the settlement agreed to by the EPA and Respondent.

# C. ALLEGED VIOLATIONS

- Respondent is a Delaware corporation and therefore a "person" as defined in section 302(e) of the CAA, 42 U.S.C. § 7602(e).
- 2. Respondent owns and/or operates the emission sources described in Appendix A.
- Complainant alleges that Respondent violated the CAA by constructing each of the major stationary sources identified in Appendix A, Table A-1 without first obtaining a PSD permit pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 52.21.

# D. REQUIREMENTS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT

The EPA and Respondent, by their undersigned representatives, hereby consent and agree as follows:

# 1. Permitting

- a. Within one year of the effective date of this Agreement, for all Existing Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Table A-1, Respondent shall submit to EPA a complete synthetic minor source permit application under EPA's Tribal Minor NSR Rule. If Respondent determines that an emission source was incorrectly included in Appendix A, Table A-1, it may notify EPA of that fact by October 14, 2011. In this circumstance, Paragraph F.13 below shall apply.
- b. By October 1, 2011, Respondent shall submit to EPA a complete synthetic minor source permit application for New Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Table A-2 that will commence construction during the period starting August 31, 2011, and ending December 31, 2011.
- c. By November 1, 2011, Respondent shall submit to EPA a complete synthetic minor source permit application for New Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Table A-3 that will commence construction during the period starting January 1, 2012, and ending March 31, 2012.
- d. By January 1, 2012, Respondent shall submit to EPA a complete synthetic minor source permit application for New Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Table A-4 that will commence construction during the period starting April 1, 2012, and ending June 30, 2012.
- e. Any emission sources for which construction will commence after June 30, 2012, are not subject to this Agreement and Respondent must obtain an effective synthetic minor source permit from EPA or comply with the provisions of 40 C.F.R. § 52.21 prior to commencing construction.
- f. Inclusion of an emission source listed in Appendix A, Table A-2, A-3 or A-4 does not preclude Respondent from commencing construction of that emission source after the date specified in the relevant Paragraph D.1.b,c, and d above However, all such emission sources must commence construction prior to June 30, 2012.
- g. If those emission sources listed in Appendix A, Tables A-2, A-3, and/or A-4 do not commence construction by June 30, 2012, then they are therefore not subject to Section D of this Agreement.

# 2. Control Requirements

- a. For all Existing Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Table A-1, the Respondent shall comply with the requirements of Appendix B by no later than December 1, 2011.
- b. For all New Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Tables A-2, A-3, and A-4 the Respondent shall comply with the requirements of Appendix B upon start-up of production. Emission sources that receive an effective synthetic minor source permit before commencing construction are not subject to the requirements of this Agreement.

#### 3. Notification

Respondent shall notify the EPA on the last business day of each month of all of the emission sources subject to this Agreement that commence construction in the previous month. Respondent shall also notify the EPA whether those emission sources are meeting the control requirements as required by Appendix B and whether they have received an effective synthetic minor source permit. This notice shall also include a list of emissions sources that are removing a 98% control device and using a 90% control device as outlined in Appendix B.

Unless otherwise specified herein, whenever Respondent's notification, submissions, or communication are required by this Agreement, they shall be made electronically or mailed to the following:

Cynthia J. Reynolds, Director
U.S. EPA Region 8 (8ENF-AT)
Air & Toxics Technical Enforcement Program
1595 Wynkoop St.
Denver, CO 80208-1129
reynolds.cynthia@epa.gov

#### E. CIVIL PENALTY

- Pursuant to an analysis of the facts and circumstances of this case with the statutory factors described in section 113(d)(1)(B) of the CAA, 43 U.S.C. §7413(d)(1)(B), EPA has determined that an appropriate civil penalty to settle this action is the amount of \$3,000 per emission source listed in Appendix A for a total of \$174,000.
- Respondent consents to the issuance of a Final Order and consents for the purpose of settlement to the payment of the civil penalty in the manner described below in this paragraph:
  - a. Payment is due within 90 calendar days from the date of the Final Order, to be issued by the EPA's Regional Judicial Officer, that adopts this Administrative Complaint and Consent Agreement. If the due date falls on a weekend or legal federal holiday, then the due date becomes the next business day. The date the payment is made is considered to be the date

processed by the Bank described below. Payments received by 11:00 AM are processed on the next business day.

b. The payment shall be made by remitting a cashier's or certified check, including the name and docket number of this case, for the calculated amount, payable to "Treasurer, United States of America," to:

# CHECK PAYMENT:

US Environmental Protection Agency Fines and Penalties Cincinnati Finance Center PO Box 979077 St. Louis. MO 63197-9000

#### OVERNIGHT MAIL:

U.S. Bank 1005 Convention Plaza Mail Station SL-MO-C2GL St. Louis, MO 63101 Contact: Natalie Pearson 314-418-4087

#### WIRE TRANSFER:

Wire Transfers should be directed to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York
Federal Reserve Bank of New York
ABA = 021030004
Account = 68010727
SWIFT address = FRNYUS33
33 Liberty Street

Field Tag 4200 of the Fedwire message should read AD 6801727 Environmental Protection Agency

ACH (also known as REX or remittance express):

Automated Clearinghouse (ACH) for receiving US currency

PNC Bank

808 17th Street, NW

New York, NY 10045

Washington, DC 20074

Contact B Jesse White 301-887-6548

ABA = 051036706, Transaction Code 22- checking

Environmental Protection Agency, Account 310006, CTX Format

ON-LINE PAYMENT:

There is now an On Line Payment Option, available through the Dept. of Treasury. This payment

option can be accessed from the information below: www.pay.gov

Enter sfo 1.1 in the search field. Open form and complete required fields.

A copy of the check, or wire transfer, shall be sent simultaneously to:

Alexis North (8ENF-AT) and Tina Artemis
U.S. EPA Region 8 Regional Hearing Clerk (8RC)
Technical Enforcement Program
U.S. EPA Region 8
1595 Wynkoop St.
Denver, CO 80202-1129 Denver, CO 80202-1129

c. Payment of the penalty in this manner does not relieve Respondent of its obligation to comply with the requirements of the CAA and its regulations.

#### F. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- The emissions controls required in Appendix B under this Agreement shall be considered "federally enforceable" and, as applicable, "legally and practicably enforceable" for purposes of calculating the potential to emit for the emission sources covered under this Agreement.
- Failure by Respondent to timely apply for, and ultimately obtain, the synthetic minor permit for any
  emission source identified in this Agreement or to comply with the requirements of Section D and
  Appendix B shall render any release or satisfaction of liability afforded under this Agreement null and
  void as to that source.
- Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver by the EPA or any other federal entity of its authority to seek costs or any appropriate penalty associated with any collection action instituted as a result of Respondent's failure to perform pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.
- Once the Respondent has received a synthetic minor source permit from EPA for the emission source identified in Appendix A, and that permit has become effective, the terms of that permit supersede this Agreement.
- For all Existing Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Table A-1, Respondent's submission of a complete synthetic minor source permit application will constitute compliance with the relevant CAA provisions during the period of this Agreement.
- For all New Emission Sources listed in Appendix A, Tables A-2, A-3, and A-4, compliance with the
  relevant CAA provisions requires that Respondent; a)obtains an effective synthetic minor source permit;
   b) is subject to an EPA approved Federal Implementation Plan which allows for a permit by rule; or c)

complies with a new EPA applicable CAA regulation that removes them from PSD applicability

- Notwithstanding the terms of this Agreement, the Respondent must meet any other applicable requirements of the Act or its implementing regulations.
- 8. Respondent agrees that for any emission source operated without the controls required by this Agreement, except for instances of malfunction, Respondent is in violation of this Agreement. Malfunction shall be defined as any sudden, infrequent, and not reasonably preventable failure of air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or a process to operate in a normal or usual manner, caused by circumstances entirely beyond the control of the owner or operator, but shall not include failures that are caused in whole or in part by poor maintenance or careless operation.
- Respondent agrees that any emission source whose actual emissions have exceeded 250 tons per year is not covered by this Agreement, including any emission source listed by the Respondent in Appendix A.
- 10. Each undersigned representative of the EPA and Respondents (Parties) to this Agreement certifies that he or she is fully authorized by the Party represented to bind the Party to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and to execute and legally bind that Party to this Agreement.
- 11. The Parties agree to submit this Agreement to the Regional Judicial Officer, with a request that it be incorporated into a Final Order.
- 12. The terms, conditions, and compliance requirements of this Agreement may not be modified or amended except upon the written agreement of both parties, and approval of a Regional Judicial Officer.
- 13. If the Respondent, pursuant to Paragraph D.1.a, above, wishes to amend the list of emission sources in Appendix A, Table A-1, it shall submit those suggested changes to EPA for approval. If EPA agrees with the suggested changes, the Parties will submit an amended Agreement to the Regional Judicial Officer for incorporation into a revised Final Order.
- 14. The effective date of this Agreement is the date that the Final Order is signed by the Regional Judicial Officer.
- 15. This Agreement, upon incorporation into a Final Order by the Regional Judicial Officer and full satisfaction by the Parties, shall be a complete, full and final settlement of the violations alleged in this Agreement.

 Each Party shall bear its own costs and attorneys fees in connection with all issues associated with this Agreement.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 8, Complainant.

Date: August 25, 2011

Andrew M. Gaydosh

Assistant Regional Administrator
Office of Enforcement, Compliance and

Environmental Justice

Enerplus Resources (USA) Corporation, Respondent.

Date: 25 AUGUST ZOLL

Dana Johnson

President,

Enerplus Resources (USA) Corporation

# APPENDIX A

# **EMISSION SOURCE INVENTORY**

Source Name	Lattitude	Longitude	Section	Township	Range	Source Completion Date	Casinghead Gas Controlled or Captured	Casinghead Gas Control Device	Tank/Tank Battery Control Device	Tank/Tank Battery Control Device Installation Date
Andrew	47.631133	-102.606726	24	148N	94W	10/19/2009	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	10/19/2009
Anna G Baker/Ethan Hall	47.58769267	-102.58111506	6	147N	93W	9/30/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	9/30/2010
Audrey Rabbithead Hall/Red Tipped Arrow	47.77463184	-102.72698681	33	150N	94W	7/22/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	7/22/2010
Baker/Baker/Biron	47.7038060	-102.482028	20	149N	92W	3/29/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	3/29/2010
Burr	47,632479	-102.65296	16	148N	94W	12/13/2008	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	12/13/2008
Danks	47.89205937	-102.73053715	17	151N	94W	5/14/2011	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	5/14/2011
Eagles Nest	47.58983854	-102.63526298	34	148N	94W	1/12/2011	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	1/12/2011
Four Bears	47.976598	-102.620251	20	152N	93W	10/30/2008	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	10/30/2008
Fredericks 5	47.673364	-102.437943	5	148N	92W	8/27/2008	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	8/27/2008
Fredericks 5	47.673054	-102.448106	6	148N	92W	2/2/2009	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	2/2/2009
Henry Bad Gun 16B/Mercury/Satrun/Venus	47.55917792	-102.54073886	16	147N	93W	7/7/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	7/7/2010
Henry Bad Gun 8D/17A/Copper/Rocket	47.55949536	-102.55057097	8	147N	93W	4/21/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	4/21/2010
J.M. Hall/Jupiter	47.63120706	-102.58425278	19	148N	93W	1/2/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	1/2/2010
Levings Estate/Mars	47.73268241	-102.60227172	8	149N	93W	2/10/2010	Not Yet Completed	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	2/10/2010
Lookout Ridge	47.67357866	-102.53209266	4	148N	93W	1/12/2011	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	1/12/2011
Miles/Sherwood	47.863486	-102.707992	28	151N	94W	8/25/2011	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	8/25/2011
Pluto/Soward	47.74752820	-102.61131101	5	149N	93W	3/23/2010	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	3/23/2010
Roberts Trust	47,63474778	-102.60725479	13	148N	94W	3/1/2011	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	3/1/2011
Tekakwitha	47.732346	-102.590312	9	149N	93W	4/2/2008	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	4/2/2008
Voigt 24-11	47.630903	-102.607375	24	148N	94W	7/15/2008	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	7/16/2008
Volgt 24-21	47.63100289	-102.59952770	.24	148N	94W	6/2/2008	Yes.	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	6/2/2008
Voigt/Zane	47.58880409	-102.55719711	32	148N	93W	8/3/2009	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	8/3/2009
Woman Creek	47,672046	-102.542736	4	148N	93W	3/14/2009	Yes	Ground Pit Flare	Ground Pit Flare	3/14/2009

Pad Name	Section	Township	Range	Expected Commence Construction Date	
Agave/Birdbear	6	149N	93W	September 2011	
Anvil/Forge/Habanero/Jalapeno	11	148N	94W	December 2011	
Axe/Cayenne/Poblano/Vise	11	148N	94W	December 2011	
Buffalo Run/Gray Wolf	5	148N	94W	December 2011	
Cedar/Pine	12	148N	94W	November 2011	
Fox Ridge/Morrison/Red Rocks	10	149N	93W	October 2011	
Hawaii/Maui	23	148N	94W	September 2011	
Hilo/Kona	23	148N	94W	September 2011	
Oak/Spruce	12	148N	94W	November 2011	
Sitka/Yellowbird	6	149N	93W	November 2011	

Pad Name	Section	Township	Range	Expected Commence Construction Date	
Arnica/Chokecherry	20	149N	93W	March 2012	
Beans/Carp/Corn/Pike	14	148N	93W	March 2012	
Bugle/Trumpet	13	148N	94W	March 2012	
Cheetah/Hyena	30	149N	93W	March 2012	
Curve/Knuckle/Deuce/Net	19	149N	92W	March 2012	
Fastball/Slider/Ace/Court	19	149N	92W	March 2012	
Giraffe/Grouper/Impala/Walleye	3	148N	94W	March 2012	
Hippo/Jackal/Lion/Rhino	3	148N	94W	March 2012	

Pad Name	Section	Township	Range	Expected Commence Construction Date	
Acadia/Glacier/Likes Eagle	2	148N	95W	June 2012	
Air/Carbon/Earth/Sky	21	151N	94W	May 2012	
Arabian/Morgan	29	149N	93W	June 2012	
Badger/Mink	33	151N	94W	June 2012	
Bass/Trout	25	149N	94W	May 2012	
Beluga/Humpback	6	148N	93W	May 2012	
Blue/Bowhead	6	149N	93W	May 2012	
BMX/Earth Lodge/Tandem/Tipi	23	148N	93W	May 2012	
Bobbin/Thread	3	149N	93W	May 2012	
Chord/Music	18	148N	93W	May 2012	
Cirrus/Nimbus	33	149N	94W	May 2012	
Cumulus/Stratus	33	149N	94W	May 2012	
Duet/Harmony	18	148N	93W	May 2012	
Huffy/Log House/Round House/Schwinn	23	148N	93W	May 2012	
Mustang/Pinto	29	149N	93W	May 2012	
Needle/Thimble	5	149N	93W	May 2012	
Scissors/Serger	4	149N	93W	May 2012	

#### APPENDIX B

# EMISSION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

# A. Applicability

These requirements apply to existing and new emission sources associated with oil production from the Bakken Formation on the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation in North Dakota and target the control of casinghead gas emissions (also known as treater gas) and emissions from oil and produced water storage tanks (tanks).

#### B. Control Requirements

All casinghead gas and tank emissions must be controlled or captured upon start of production. If gas gathering infrastructure is in place, casinghead gas shall be routed to a gas gathering pipeline as soon as practicable. When a pipeline is not available, casinghead gas is required to be routed to a control system or device in the Control System List below. The Control System List also applies to emissions from oil and produced water storage tanks. Capture or control devices shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to them.

The owner/operator shall maintain and operate all air pollution control equipment, and all equipment employed to contain and collect vapors and transport them to the emission control system or device, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions.

# Control System List

- A ground pit flare (including, but not limited to pit flares, shop built flares or other similar
  oilfield type flares) or other 90% or greater DRE device. If a ground pit flare is utilized, a
  90% DRE to be assumed. This is considered the minimum level of control for tank and
  treater gas emissions at all times.
- A vapor recovery unit or oil stabilizer that is designed and operated to reduce the mass content of VOC and total hazardous air pollutant (HAP) emissions in the vapors vented to the device by at least 95% by weight.
- 3. An enclosed combustion device appropriately sized for the site's operating parameters and for which the manufacturer represents will achieve a destruction efficiency of at least 95% of the VOCs with respect to the volumetric flow and BTU content of the site's waste gas stream. An enclosed combustion device is operated including, but not limited to the following:
  - This device should be operated with no visible emissions except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours; Method 22 of 40 CFR Appendix A shall be used to determine the compliance with this visible emission provision.

- Owner/operator shall install an appropriate, reliable temperature sensor/transmitter
  that indicates continuous ignition of the pilot flame on the control device. The
  sensor/transmitter will be connected to the site's Supervisory Control and Data
  Acquisition (SCADA) System. The SCADA system will record temperature readings
  at a specified frequency and will be programmed to trigger an alarm if temperatures
  outside of a pre-programmed range are detected. For the purpose of this paragraph,
  "continuous" monitoring equipment shall measure and record values at least once
  every hour.
- A utility flare (using an open flame without enclosure) that is designed and operated to reduce the mass content of VOC and total HAP emissions in the vapors vented to the device by at least 98% by weight. A utility flare is any flare that is designed and operated in accordance with the requirements of 40 C.F.R § 60.18. Requirements of 40 C.F.R § 60.18 include, but are not limited to the following:
  - Flare shall be designed and operated with no visible emissions except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours; Method 22 of 40 CFR Appendix A shall be used to determine the compliance with this visible emission provision;
  - Flare shall be operated with a flame present at all times;
  - An owner/operator has the choice of adhering to either the heat content specifications in paragraph 40 C.F.R. § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in paragraph (c)(4) or adhering to the requirements in 40 C.F.R. § 60.18(c)(3)(i);
  - Flares used to comply with this section shall be steam-assisted, air-assisted or nonassisted;
  - Owners/operators of flares shall monitor the control devices to ensure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their designs;
  - The presence of a flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple or any
    other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame. Continuous checks by an
    operator to verify the existence of a visible flame or to verify proper operation of the
    igniter may be used in lieu of a physical device. For the purpose of this paragraph,
    "continuous" monitoring equipment shall measure and record values at least once
    every hour.
  - For safety and air pollution control purposes: each flare must be equipped and
    operated with an automatic ignitor or a continuous burning pilot, which must be
    maintained in good working order. This is required even if the flare is used for
    emergency purposes only.
- Control devices other than those listed above may be utilized upon approval from the EPA.

#### C. Recordkeeping Requirements

Owner/operator shall maintain control device temperature logs for three years.

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that the original of the attached ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT, CONSENT AGREEMENT/FINAL ORDER in the matter of ENERPLUS RESOURCES (USA) CORP., DOCKET NO.: CAA-08-2011-0021 was filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk on August 29, 2011.

Further, the undersigned certifies that a true and correct copy of the documents were delivered to, Jim Eppers, Enforcement Attorney, U. S. EPA – Region 8, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, CO 80202-1129. True and correct copies of the aforementioned documents were placed in the United States mail certified/return receipt requested on August 29, 2011, to:

Tony Lucero, Env. Health & Safety Coord. Enerplus Resources (USA) Corp. 950 17th Street, Suite 2200 Denver, Colorado 80202-2805

E-mailed to:

Elizabeth Whitsel
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Cincinnati Finance Center
26 W. Martin Luther King Drive (MS-0002)
Cincinnati, Ohio 45268

August 29, 2011

Paralegal/Regional Hearing Clerk